

Bellwork:

1. Consider $f(x) = -2x + 3$.
2. Sketch a graph of $f(x)$.
3. Find the slope of $f(x)$ at the following x - values and fill in the chart.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
slopes						

4. On the same axes, graph (x, slopes) .
5. What do you notice? What do you think the graph of (x, slopes) would look like if $f(x) = 0.5x - 3$? If $f(x) = 100x + 310$? If $f(x) = mx + b$??

$$m_{\text{tan}} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$a \quad x=3 = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2(3+h) + 3 - (-2 \cdot 3 + 3)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-6 - 2h + 3 - (-3)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2h}{h}$$

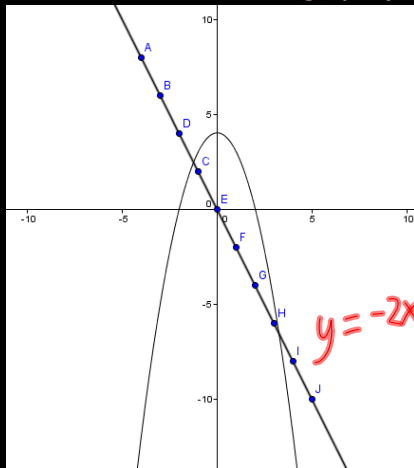
$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} -2 = -2$$

1. Consider $f(x) = 4 - x^2$
2. Sketch a graph of $f(x)$.
3. Find the slope of $f(x)$ at the following x -values and fill in the chart.

	Katie	Julie	Taylor	Emily	Garvin	Byce	Donald	Chris	Jak	Ellie
x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
slopes	8	6	4	2	0	-2	-4	-6	-8	-10

$y = -2x$

4. On the same axes, graph (x, slopes) .



How can we use this line to find the slope of $f(x) = 4 - x^2$ at OTHER x values?

What is slope of $f(x)$ at $x = \frac{1}{2}$?

plug $x = \frac{1}{2}$ into eqn for slopes: $y = -2x$
slope @ $x = \frac{1}{2}$ is -1.

check w/ ba:

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_{\text{tan}} &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \quad \text{when } x = \frac{1}{2}: \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f\left(\frac{1}{2} + h\right) - f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{h} \quad f(x) = 4 - x^2 \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - \left(\frac{1}{2} + h\right)^2 - \left(4 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2\right)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - \left[\frac{1}{4} + h + h^2\right] - \left(\frac{15}{4}\right)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{\frac{15}{4}} - h - h^2 - \cancel{\frac{15}{4}}}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(-1-h)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (-1-h) = \boxed{-1} \quad \text{slope of tangent line @ } x = \frac{1}{2} \text{ is } -1.
 \end{aligned}$$

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	Katie	Julie	Taylor	Emily	Garvin	Byce	David	Chris	Jak	Ellie
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slopes										

check w/ da:

$$m_{\text{tan}} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \quad \text{when } x=1:$$

$$f(x) = 4 - x^3$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - (1+h)^3 - [4 - 1^3]}{h}$$

Shortcut to find slope of tangent line?

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - (1 + 3h^2 + 3h + h^3) - [4 - 1]}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3h^2 - 3h - h^3}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} -3h - 3 - h^2 = -3$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{15} - h - h^2 - \cancel{15}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(-1-h)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (-1-h) = \textcircled{-1} \quad \text{slope of tangent line at } x = \frac{1}{2} \text{ is } -1.$$

